

Report on the MLA *Job Information List*, 2016–17

MLA Office of Research

Web publication, December 2017

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IN 2016–17, the decline in the number of jobs advertised in the MLA *Job Information List* (*JIL*) continued for a fifth consecutive year. The *JIL*'s English edition announced 851 jobs, 102 (10.7%) fewer than in 2015–16; the foreign language edition announced 808 jobs, 110 (12.0%) fewer than in 2015–16. **Figure 1** shows the trend lines for the number of jobs announced in each edition across the forty-two years from 1975–76 to 2016–17. The declines of the past five years bring the number of advertised jobs to yet another new low, below the level reached after the severe drop between 2007–08 and 2009–10. The 851 jobs in the English edition for 2016–17 are 249 (22.6%) below the 1,100 advertised in 2009–10, the previous low point. The 808 jobs in the foreign language edition are 214 (20.9%) below the 1,022 advertised in 2009–10. This past year marks the eighth that the number of jobs advertised in the *JIL* has remained at a trough level, below or just above the historical threshold of 1,000 jobs in each edition. The 2016–17 totals are 975 (53.4%) below and 872 (51.9%) below the 2007–08 prerecession peaks of 1,826 jobs for the English edition and 1,680 jobs for the foreign language edition, respectively.

In addition to reading *JIL* listings to count the number of jobs announced, staff members in the MLA's office of research perform a machine analysis of the *JIL* database to develop information on the number and characteristics of the ads departments place. The number of ads is always somewhat smaller than the number of jobs the ads announce, since some ads announce more than one position. As shown in **figure 2**, in 2016–17 the English edition carried 725 ads from 478 departments in 396 institutions. **Figure 3** shows the equivalent information for the foreign language edition, which in 2016–17 carried 750 ads from 521 departments in 354 institutions. In the English edition, 66 fewer departments placed ads in 2016–17 than in 2015–16, and the number of ads declined by 98 (11.9%). In the foreign language edition, 32 fewer departments placed ads in 2016–17 than in 2015–16, and the number of ads declined by 87 (10.4%). **Figures 2 and 3** make visually graphic the contraction in job opportunities in English and the other modern languages that began in 2008–09 and that has persisted since. The 725 ads in the English *JIL* in 2016–17 are 923 (56.0%) below the 1,648 ads recorded in 2007–08, the recent peak. The 750 ads in the foreign language *JIL* in 2016–17 are 772 (50.7%) below the 2007–08 peak of 1,522. Since 2007–08, the number of departments placing ads has dropped from well over 900 to under 500 in the English edition and to just over 500 in the foreign language edition.

Since 2004–05, departments have been able to indicate the tenure status of positions they advertise. In 2016–17, of the 725 ads in the English *JIL*, 460 (63.4%) were tagged as advertising tenure-track positions, 92 fewer ads than and 3.7 percentage points below last year (552, or 67.1%; **fig. 4**). Of the 750 ads in the foreign language *JIL*, 347 (46.3%) were tagged as advertising tenure-track positions, 98 fewer ads than and 6.9 percentage points below last year (445, or 53.2%; **fig. 5**).

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The downturn in the number of ads since 2008 has been accompanied by a consistently lower percentage of each year's total tagged as tenure-track. Over the five years from 2004–05 through 2008–09, ads tagged as tenure-track made up from 75% to 80% of ads in the English edition and from 60% to 65% of ads in the foreign language edition. Over the eight years since, the percentages have fallen ten percentage points or more—to 64%–70% of the English edition and to 46%–55% of the foreign language edition. Two interpretations are possible to explain the consistently lower percentage of tenure-track ads in the foreign language edition compared with the English edition: programs in languages and literatures other than English may have a higher percentage of full-time non-tenure-track positions than do English language and literature programs, and foreign language programs have more occasion to seek national or international candidate pools for their full-time non-tenure-track positions than do English programs and hence use the *JIL* more often to advertise such positions.

Virtually all positions announced in the *JIL* are full-time, and the *JIL* thus affords no insight into hiring for the part-time faculty positions that have been the fastest-growing segment of the academic workforce. Moreover, not all departments use the *JIL* to advertise faculty positions they seek to fill. Only a handful of two-year colleges use the *JIL* to advertise openings on their faculties. Despite these limitations, the number of ads tagged as openings for full-time tenure-track assistant professors and for non-tenure-track instructors is a valuable barometer of trends in opportunities for full-time, entry-level academic employment in four-year institutions available to new and recent graduates of PhD programs.

This year's 11.9% decline in the total number of ads in the English edition was exceeded by a drop of 20.4%, or 82 ads, in the number of ads tagged as both tenure-track and assistant professor, from 402 in 2015–16 to 320 in 2016–17 (fig. 6). The foreign language edition saw a decline of 21.6%, or 69 ads, from 320 in 2015–16 to 251 in 2016–17, in the number of ads tagged as both tenure-track and assistant professor (fig. 7). Since 2009–10, ads that call for tenure-track assistant professors have claimed an average of 49.4% of ads in the English edition and 37.5% of ads in the foreign language edition. Before 2009–10, the percentage values fell in a range several percentage points higher—on average, 54.6% of ads in the English *JIL* and 44.5% of ads in the foreign language *JIL*. Since 2009–10, ads that use “assistant professor” in combination with a tag for another rank have added another 7%–10% to the total number of tenure-track assistant professor positions in the English edition and 6%–7% in the foreign language edition.

Table 1 and table 2 show in more detail how departments have tagged their ads using the five index terms for rank—instructor, assistant professor, associate professor, professor, and (since 2013–14) postdoctoral fellowship—across the seventeen years from 2000–01 to 2016–17. Ads tagged solely “assistant professor” consistently predominate in both editions, making up from 55% to 65% of all ads in the English edition and from 50% to 60% of all ads in the foreign language edition. The increase in the percentage of ads tagged “instructor” since 2007–08, especially in the foreign language edition, is notable; ads for instructor positions now make up nearly a quarter of all ads in the foreign language edition.

Table 3 and table 4 provide additional detail about the tenure status of this past year's ads, broken out by geographic region, in the English and foreign language editions, respectively. Part A of each table shows the distribution of all ads published in an edition in 2016–17; part B shows the distribution of the ads for which departments used the tag “assistant professor,” including ads that used the assistant professor tag along with a tag for some other rank. The row percentage shows the tenure status of ads in a given region; the column percentage shows the percentage of ads within a given tenure category from each geographic region. In the English edition, 63.6% of a total 684 ads from institutions in the fifty states and the District of Columbia were tagged as tenure-track—as were 81.2% of the 457 ads that called for assistant professors (table 3A, table 3B). In the foreign language edition, 46.7% of a total 709 ads from institutions in the fifty states and the District of Columbia were tagged as tenure-track—as were 66.7% of the 430 ads that called for assistant professors (table 4A, table 4B). In the English edition, the largest share of ads came from departments in the Southeast region—159, or 21.9%. In the foreign language edition, the largest share came from the Mid-East region—176, or 23.5%. The Mid-East region claimed a notably lower percentage of ads tagged as tenure-track—50.3% in English and 36.4% in foreign languages, compared with 58% or higher and 40% or higher in English and foreign languages, respectively, in the other seven regions of the United States.

Table 5 (English edition) and table 6 (foreign language edition) show trends in the number and percentage of ads from the United States and its territories, Canada, and other countries across the seventeen years from 2000–01 to 2016–17. The percentage distribution across the regions shows considerable stability through the much larger changes in the number of ads. Across the period, on average, the Mid-East and Southeast regions each claim roughly 20% of the ads in each edition, followed by the Great Lakes with about 16%, the Far West with about 12%, the Plains and the Southwest with about 6%–7% each, and the Rocky Mountain states with about 3%. Over the past three years, however, the Great Lakes region has seen a notable drop in the English edition, from 16.5% in 2013–14 to 11.2% in 2016–17. Ads from the New England states, which historically have claimed about a 9% share of all ads in the English edition and about a 10% share in the foreign language edition, enlarged to 12% in both editions in 2016–17. Ads for posts outside the United States and Canada claimed an identical 3.9% of ads in both the English and the foreign language editions, after increasing to over 5% of English ads from 2009–10 to 2011–12 and to over 4% of foreign language ads in 2011–12 and in 2013–14.

In 2013–14 the *JIL* introduced a revamped, unified search interface that gives job seekers direct access to ads in both the English and the foreign language editions. Previously, the two editions had to be searched independently through separate interfaces and grids of index terms. Departments placing ads now select search terms from three categories: for language, for general fields of specialization applicable across English and other modern languages, and for specializations (e.g., composition and rhetoric or British literature) applicable chiefly to English. The rearrangement means that the number of field terms departments now use to tag ads is not consistently comparable with counts from years before 2013–14.

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This report, like those covering the three years since 2013–14, follows the *JIL*'s new scheme of index and search terms by developing separate tables for the three categories. The analysis of language categories uses the 750 ads assigned to the foreign language edition as the basis for calculating the percentage of ads tagged with each language term, the analysis of the English field categories uses the 725 ads assigned to the English edition as the basis for percentages, and the analysis of the general field categories uses the 1,327 total ads published in the *JIL* database.¹ Tables 7, 8, and 9 in this report are directly comparable to the corresponding tables in the reports for 2013–14, 2014–15, and 2015–16 (see all four reports at www.mla.org/Resources/Career/Job-Information-List/Reports-on-the-MLA-Job-Information-List). Readers interested in trends since the new scheme was introduced can consult [table 10](#), [table 11](#), and [table 12](#) to see how departments used the search terms to tag ads across the four-year period from 2013–14 to 2016–17. For the most part, the percentages of ads tagged with each index term remain stable, varying far less than the absolute number of ads. The notable exception is English literature: the percentage of ads tagged with an English literature index term rose to 82.6% in 2016–17, from 69.1% in 2015–16 and 63.6% in 2013–14. Of the 725 ads in the English edition in 2016–17, 349 (48.1%) were tagged with one or more of the five literature terms, and departments applied these tags a total of 599 times, an average of 1.72 literature tags per ad. The previous year, 2015–16, 359 (43.6%) of the 823 ads in the English edition used one or more of the five literature terms, and the terms were applied a total of 569 times, or an average of 1.58 literature terms per ad.

[Table 7A](#) shows the tenure status of the 750 ads published in the *JIL*'s foreign language edition in 2016–17, broken out by the fourteen language categories (the twelve named languages plus “other languages” and “no language specified”); [table 7B](#) shows the distribution across language categories for the 448 ads that were tagged for the rank of assistant professor (including ads that were also tagged for another rank). Spanish and Latin America had the largest share of ads overall and also of ads for tenure-track positions: 256 (34.1%) of the 750 ads in the foreign language edition and 141 (40.6%) of the 347 ads tagged tenure-track. French and francophone was next in share, with 127 (16.9%) of all 750 ads and 65 (18.7%) of the 347 tenure-track ads, followed by Germanic and Scandinavian, with 12.8% of all ads and 11.2% of all tenure-track ads in the foreign language edition. In seven of the twelve named languages the percentage of ads tagged as tenure-track exceeded the 46.3% figure for all 750 ads published in the *JIL*'s foreign language edition: Classical (69.2% of 13 ads), Hebrew (55.6% of 18 ads), Spanish (55.1% of 256 ads), French (51.2% of 127 ads), Russian and Slavic (50.0% of 40 ads), Arabic (50.0% of 34 ads), and Portuguese (50.0% of 22 ads). As shown in [table 7B](#), 119 (70.4%) of the 169 ads for assistant professors in Spanish were tenure-track, as were 57 (70.4%) of the 81 ads for assistant professors in French and 34 (55.7%) of the 61 ads for assistant professors in German.

[Table 8A](#) shows the tenure status of the 725 ads published in the *JIL*'s English edition, broken out by the nine English field categories; [table 8B](#) shows the distribution for the 485 ads that were tagged for the rank of assistant professor or for both assistant professor and another rank. Terms for the three writing fields were used for 59.2% of the 725 English ads: 29.9% were tagged for composition and rhetoric,

10.2% for technical and business writing, and 19.0% for creative writing and journalism. Terms for the five literature fields were used for 82.6% of the 725 ads: 25.8% were tagged for British literature, 23.7% for American literature, 11.9% for African American literature, 9.7% for literature in English other than British and American, and 11.6% for other minority literatures. Because departments use more than one term to tag ads, these column percentages add up to more than 100%. Among the writing categories taken together, 60.4% of the 429 ads were tenure-track; by comparison, 66.4% of the 599 ads in the literature categories were tenure-track. Of ads designated for assistant professors, 82.3% of the 266 writing ads (and, within this group, 76.4% of the 123 ads for composition and rhetoric) were tenure-track, compared with 82.5% of the 429 literature ads (and, within this group, 79.4% of the 136 ads for British literature and 80.0% of the 110 ads for American literature).

Table 9A shows the tenure status of all 1,327 ads the *JIL* published in 2016–17, broken out by the thirteen general field categories used to tag ads across English and foreign languages; **table 9B** shows the distribution for the 866 ads for assistant professors (including ads tagged for assistant professor and another rank). Cultural studies was the leading category, used to tag 220 (16.6%) of all 1,327 ads and 143 (16.5%) of the 866 ads for assistant professors. Among all ads, excluding the catchall category “other” (158 ads [11.9%]), ads labeled “interdisciplinary” had the next highest count (170 ads [12.8%]), followed by those that called for comparative literature (152 ads [11.5%]); linguistics and ESL (108 ads [8.1%]); criticism and theory (95 ads [7.2%]); technology and digital media (93 ads [7.0%]); film, drama, and speech (73 ads [5.5%]); and generalist (also 73 ads [5.5%]). Within the cultural studies category, 58.2% of the 220 ads were tagged tenure-track, as were 74.8% of the 143 ads for assistant professors. Of the 152 ads for comparative literature, 52.0% were tenure-track, as were 70.4% of the 98 ads for assistant professors. There were four specialty fields (not including ads for department chair or other administrator) where the percentage of tenure-track ads exceeded the 60.3% figure for all 1,327 ads: postcolonial literature (71.4% of 42 ads); film, drama, and speech (65.8% of 73 ads); technology and digital media (65.6% of 93 ads); and world literature (64.6% of 65 ads).

A concluding series of tables shows the percentage distribution across geographic regions of the 2016–17 ads tagged for the different field categories. **Table 13** shows the geographic distribution of ads tagged for each of the language categories in the foreign language edition, **table 14** the distribution of ads tagged for the English fields in the English edition, and **table 15** the distribution of ads tagged for the general fields in both editions. These tables show where specializations are represented more, less, or equally strongly with the geographic distribution of ads published in the edition or data set to which they are keyed. For example, the Mid-East region claimed the largest share of the 750 ads in the foreign language edition (23.5%), with a somewhat outsize share (30.8%) of the 39 ads tagged for Italian. The Southeast region claimed the largest share of the 725 ads in the English edition (21.9%), with outsize shares of ads for technical and business writing (27.0%), composition and rhetoric (26.7%), African American literature (also 26.7%), creative writing and journalism (26.1%), and literature in English other than British and American (25.7%). Ads from the six New England states made up only 12.0% of the 725 ads in the *JIL*'s English edition

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but claimed 16.3% of the 86 ads tagged for African American literature and 15.7% of the 70 ads tagged for literature in English other than British or American. The largest percentage of ads tagged for composition and rhetoric were from the Southeast, Mid-East, and Far West regions—26.9%, 17.5%, and 16.6%, respectively. Of ads from departments in United States institutions tagged for British literature, only the New England, Great Lakes, and Southwest regions claimed shares that were slightly above the shares the regions claimed for the English edition as a whole. Among the ads tagged for general fields, the Southeast claimed an outsize 32.9% share of ads for generalist positions, the Mid-East 30.1% of ads in film, drama, and speech.

Note

1. The 725 ads assigned to the English edition and the 750 assigned to the foreign language edition sum to a total greater than 1,327 because 148 interdisciplinary ads were placed in both editions.

Fig. 1. Number of Jobs Advertised in the *MLA Job Information List*, 1975–76 to 2016–17

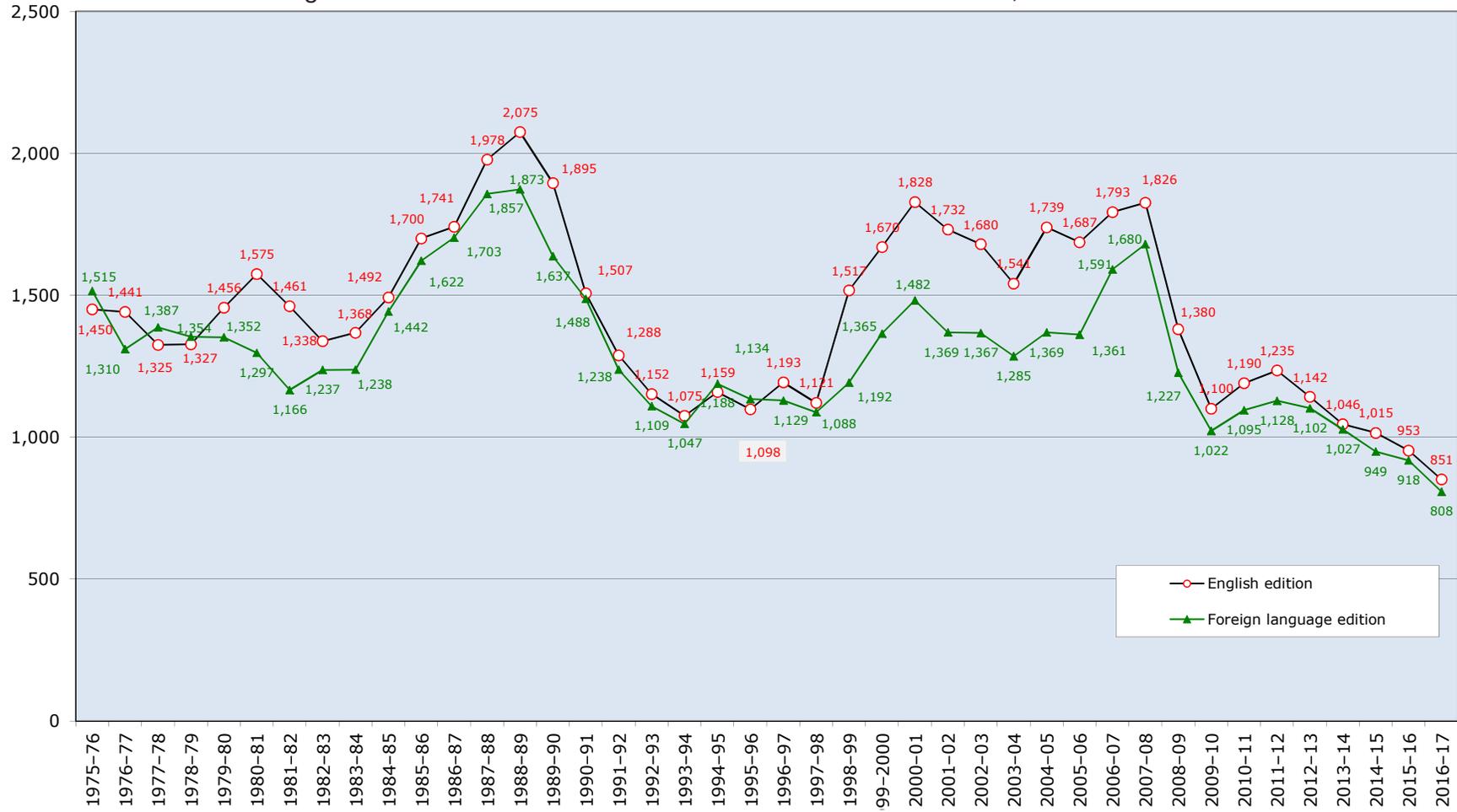


Fig. 2. Number of Ads Placed and Number of Departments and Institutions Placing Ads in the English *JIL*, 2000–01 to 2016–17

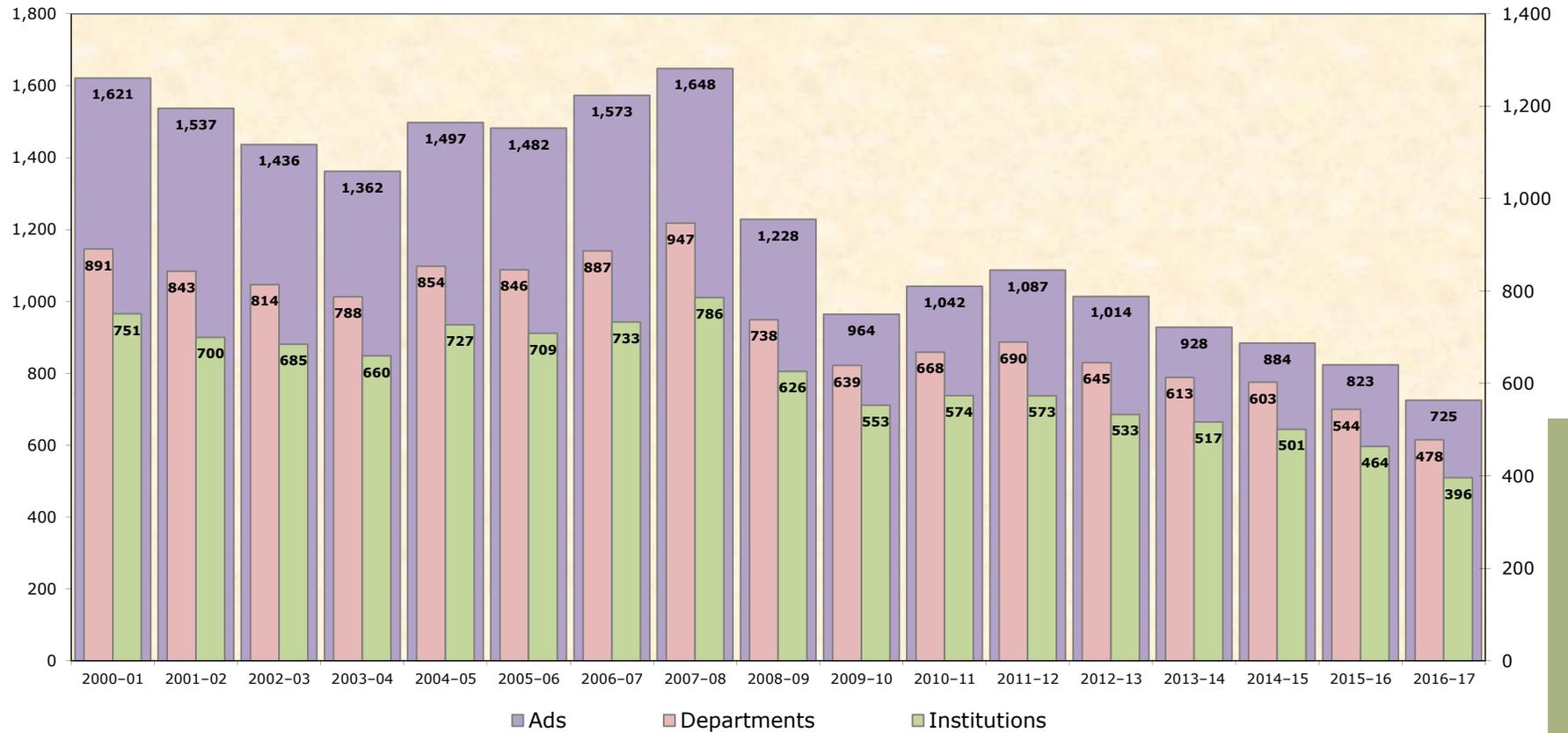


Fig. 3. Number of Ads Placed and Number of Departments and Institutions Placing Ads in the Foreign Language *JIL*, 2000–01 to 2016–17

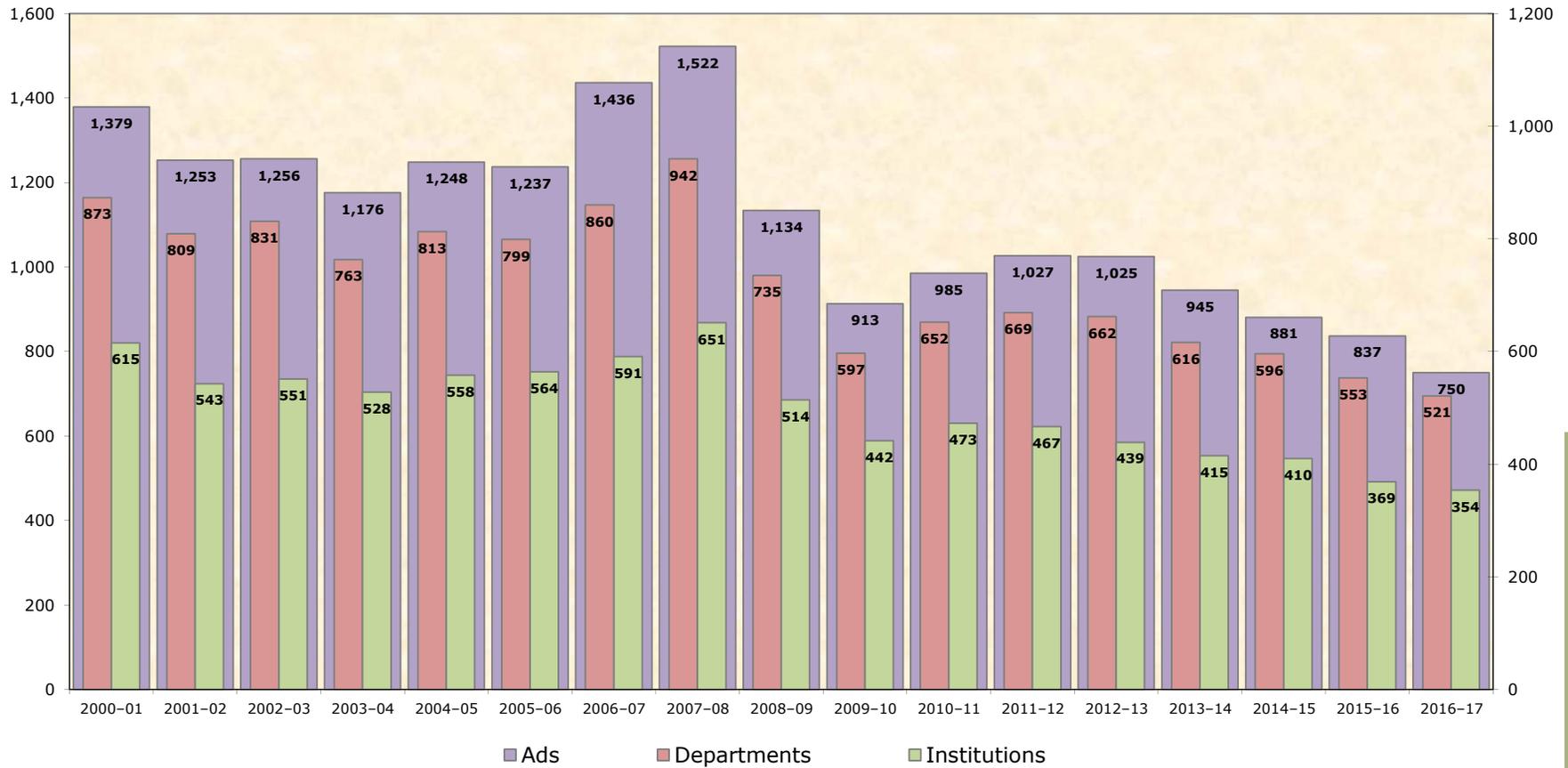


Fig. 4. Number and Percentage of Ads Indexed as Tenure-Track, Non-Tenure-Track, or with Tenure Status Not Specified in the English *JIL*, 2004–05 to 2016–17

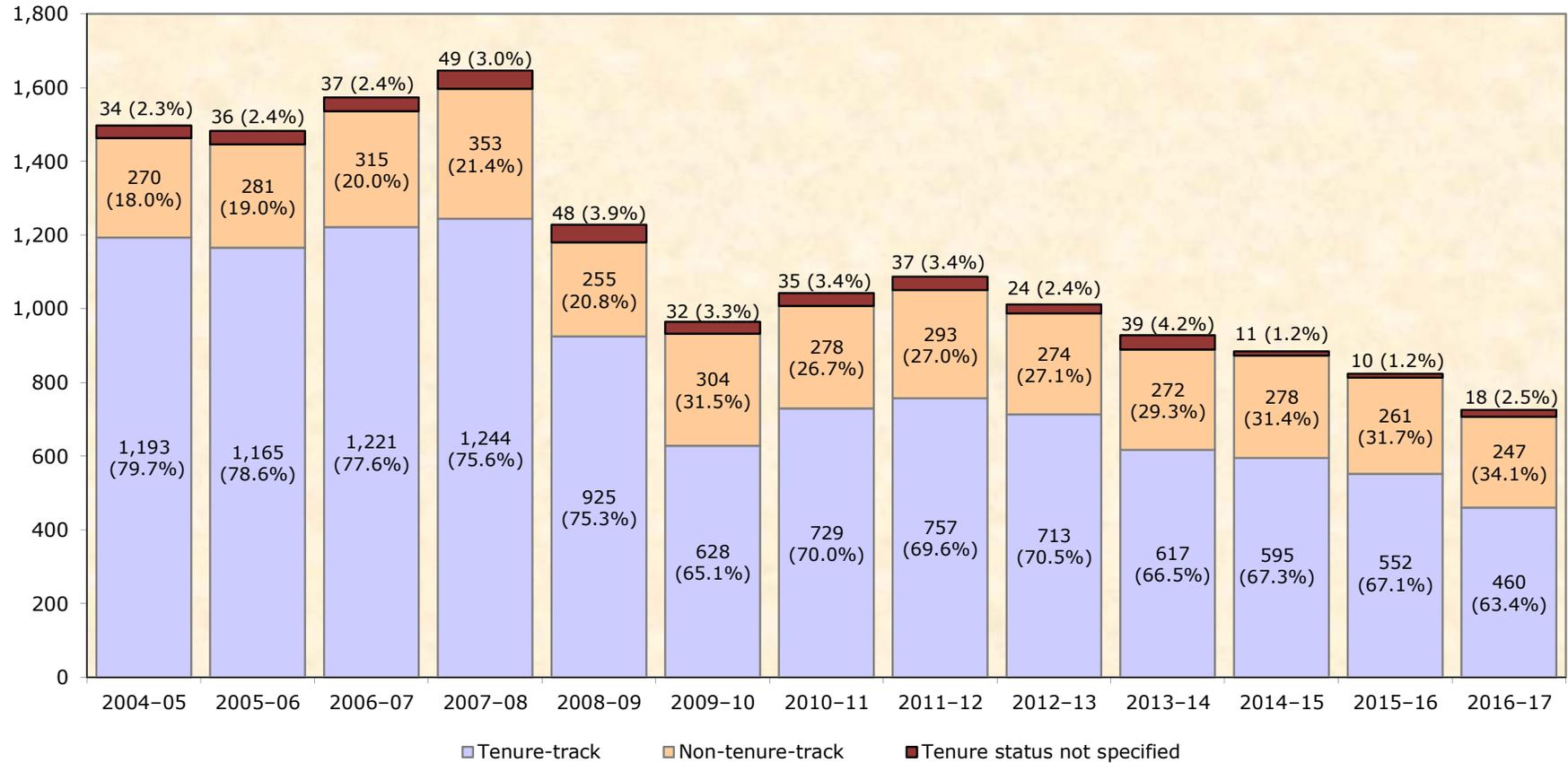


Fig. 5. Number and Percentage of Ads Indexed as Tenure-Track, Non-Tenure-Track, or with Tenure Status Not Specified in the Foreign Language *JIL*, 2004–05 to 2016–17

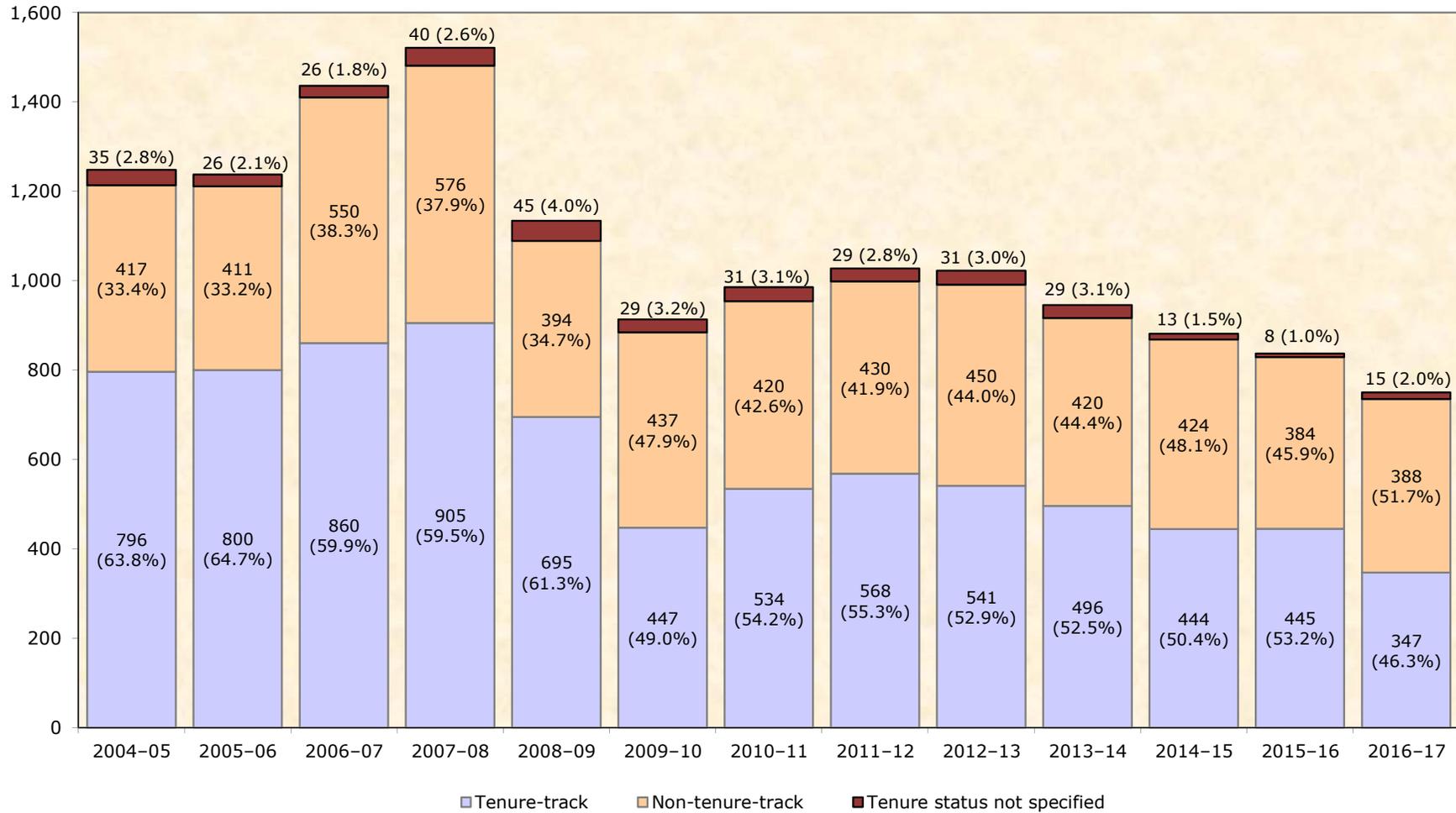


Fig. 6. Number and Percentage of Ads in the English *JIL*, 2004–05 to 2016–17, by Index Terms for Tenure Status and Rank

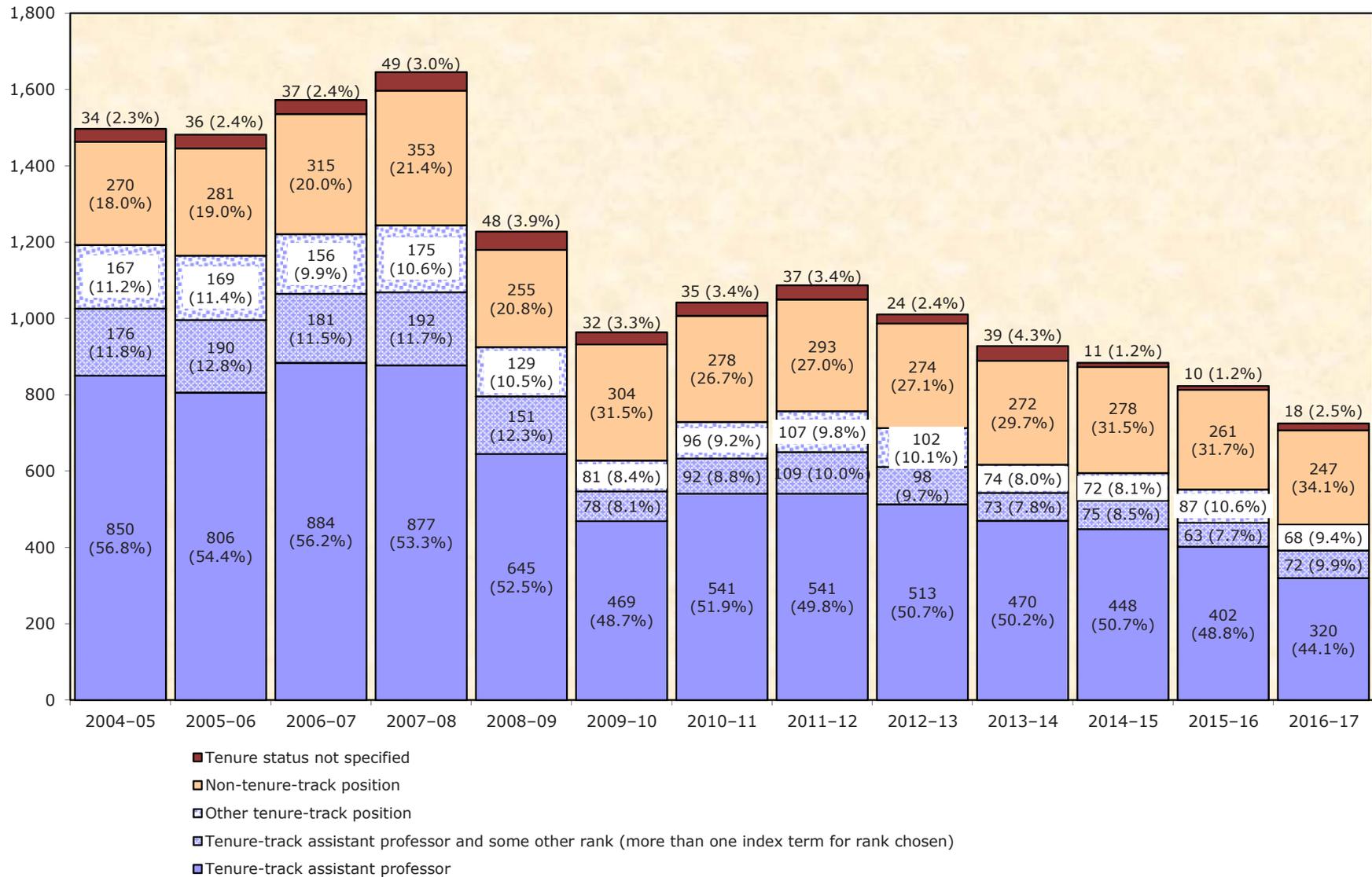


Fig. 7. Number and Percentage of Ads in the Foreign Language *JIL*, 2004–05 to 2016–17, by Index Terms for Tenure Status and Rank

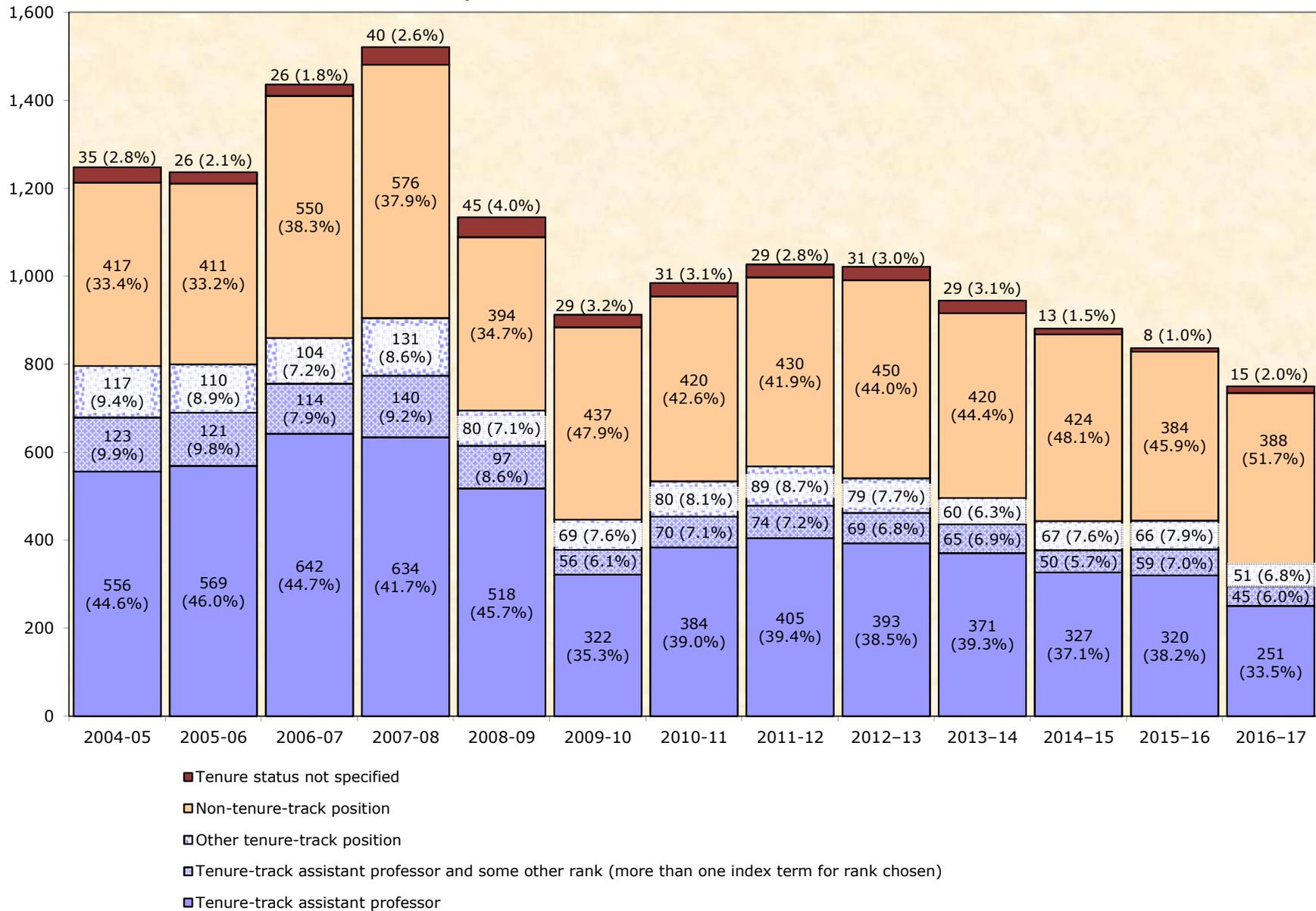


Table 1. Number and Percentage of Ads in the English *JIL* Indexed for Various Ranks, 2000–01 to 2016–17

| | 2000–01 | 2001–02 | 2002–03 | 2003–04 | 2004–05 | 2005–06 | 2006–07 | 2007–08 | 2008–09 | 2009–10 | 2010–11 | 2011–12 | 2012–13 | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Assistant professor | 1,025 63.2% | 1,006 65.5% | 963 67.1% | 865 63.5% | 956 63.9% | 914 61.7% | 1,005 63.9% | 992 60.2% | 714 58.1% | 562 58.3% | 643 61.7% | 640 58.9% | 608 60.0% | 573 61.7% | 530 60.0% | 482 58.6% | 395 54.6% |
| Instructor or assistant professor | 44 2.7% | 30 2.0% | 36 2.5% | 40 2.9% | 35 2.3% | 46 3.1% | 37 2.4% | 34 2.1% | 18 1.5% | 25 2.6% | 27 2.6% | 23 2.1% | 11 1.1% | 7 0.8% | 15 1.7% | 9 1.1% | 6 0.8% |
| Assistant professor or associate professor | 123 7.6% | 105 6.8% | 96 6.7% | 122 9.0% | 122 8.1% | 121 8.2% | 121 7.7% | 125 7.6% | 105 8.6% | 49 5.1% | 63 6.0% | 90 8.3% | 72 7.1% | 59 6.4% | 46 5.2% | 39 4.7% | 48 6.6% |
| Assistant professor, associate professor, or professor | 64 3.9% | 79 5.1% | 52 3.6% | 44 3.2% | 53 3.5% | 60 4.0% | 53 3.4% | 70 4.3% | 55 4.5% | 41 4.3% | 24 2.3% | 26 2.4% | 31 3.1% | 23 2.5% | 29 3.3% | 28 3.4% | 29 4.0% |
| Other combinations including assistant professor | 17 1.0% | 10 0.7% | 7 0.5% | 8 0.6% | 13 0.9% | 13 0.9% | 9 0.6% | 12 0.7% | 8 0.7% | 9 0.9% | 9 0.9% | 8 0.7% | 4 0.4% | 5 0.5% | 11 1.2% | 4 0.5% | 7 1.0% |
| Instructor | 148 9.1% | 123 8.0% | 113 7.9% | 103 7.6% | 136 9.1% | 125 8.4% | 130 8.3% | 178 10.8% | 158 12.9% | 157 16.3% | 120 11.5% | 138 12.7% | 121 11.9% | 103 11.1% | 110 12.4% | 95 11.5% | 87 12.0% |
| Associate professor | 17 1.0% | 22 1.4% | 17 1.2% | 30 2.2% | 21 1.4% | 24 1.6% | 27 1.7% | 28 1.7% | 17 1.4% | 10 1.0% | 19 1.8% | 17 1.6% | 19 1.9% | 12 1.3% | 11 1.2% | 13 1.6% | 13 1.8% |
| Associate professor or professor | 62 3.8% | 65 4.2% | 50 3.5% | 40 2.9% | 62 4.1% | 51 3.4% | 77 4.9% | 71 4.3% | 45 3.7% | 28 2.9% | 28 2.7% | 31 2.9% | 47 4.6% | 23 2.5% | 24 2.7% | 37 4.5% | 33 4.6% |
| Professor | 46 2.8% | 39 2.5% | 42 2.9% | 55 4.0% | 42 2.8% | 61 4.1% | 40 2.5% | 54 3.3% | 38 3.1% | 23 2.4% | 31 3.0% | 39 3.6% | 28 2.8% | 26 2.8% | 25 2.8% | 28 3.4% | 21 2.9% |
| Other combinations not including assistant professor | 1 0.1% | 1 0.1% | 0 0.0% | 1 0.1% | 2 0.1% | 3 0.2% | 0 0.0% | 0 0.0% | 0 0.0% | 3 0.3% | 0 0.0% | 1 0.1% | 1 0.1% | 3 0.3% | 2 0.2% | 0 0.0% | 1 0.1% |
| Postdoctoral fellowship | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 48 5.2% | 54 6.1% | 56 6.8% | 50 6.9% |
| Rank not specified or not relevant | 74 4.6% | 57 3.7% | 60 4.2% | 54 4.0% | 55 3.7% | 64 4.3% | 74 4.7% | 84 5.1% | 70 5.7% | 57 5.9% | 78 7.5% | 74 6.8% | 72 7.1% | 46 5.0% | 27 3.1% | 32 3.9% | 35 4.7% |
| Total | 1,621 100.0% | 1,537 100.0% | 1,436 100.0% | 1,362 100.0% | 1,497 100.0% | 1,482 100.0% | 1,573 100.0% | 1,648 100.0% | 1,228 100.0% | 964 100.0% | 1,042 100.0% | 1,087 100.0% | 1,014 100.0% | 928 100.0% | 884 100.0% | 823 100.0% | 725 100.0% |

Table 2. Number and Percentage of Ads in the Foreign Language *JIL* Indexed for Various Ranks, 2000–01 to 2016–17

| | 2000–01 | 2001–02 | 2002–03 | 2003–04 | 2004–05 | 2005–06 | 2006–07 | 2007–08 | 2008–09 | 2009–10 | 2010–11 | 2011–12 | 2012–13 | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Assistant professor | 791 57.4% | 739 59.0% | 765 60.9% | 667 56.7% | 689 55.2% | 686 55.5% | 791 55.1% | 780 51.2% | 635 56.0% | 452 49.5% | 503 51.1% | 510 49.7% | 535 52.2% | 483 51.1% | 447 50.7% | 431 51.5% | 382 50.9% |
| Instructor or assistant professor | 93 6.7% | 71 5.7% | 54 4.3% | 75 6.4% | 72 5.8% | 69 5.6% | 65 4.5% | 69 4.5% | 52 4.6% | 46 5.0% | 53 5.4% | 53 5.2% | 48 4.7% | 30 3.2% | 30 3.4% | 19 2.3% | 11 1.5% |
| Assistant professor or associate professor | 65 4.7% | 62 4.9% | 76 6.1% | 65 5.5% | 76 6.1% | 61 4.9% | 73 5.1% | 86 5.7% | 64 5.6% | 36 3.9% | 53 5.4% | 52 5.1% | 41 4.0% | 47 5.0% | 29 3.3% | 31 3.7% | 27 3.6% |
| Assistant professor, associate professor, or professor | 42 3.0% | 47 3.8% | 34 2.7% | 30 2.6% | 42 3.4% | 49 4.0% | 42 2.9% | 58 3.8% | 36 3.2% | 26 2.8% | 11 1.1% | 26 2.5% | 28 2.7% | 21 2.2% | 22 2.5% | 27 3.2% | 22 2.9% |
| Other combinations including assistant professor | 17 1.2% | 8 0.6% | 10 0.8% | 7 0.6% | 8 0.6% | 9 0.7% | 12 0.8% | 17 1.1% | 8 0.7% | 8 0.9% | 8 0.8% | 4 0.4% | 6 0.6% | 5 0.5% | 7 0.8% | 7 0.8% | 6 0.8% |
| Instructor | 201 14.6% | 183 14.6% | 171 13.6% | 192 16.3% | 210 16.8% | 219 17.7% | 301 21.0% | 320 21.0% | 194 17.1% | 220 24.1% | 218 22.1% | 251 24.4% | 234 22.8% | 209 22.1% | 199 22.6% | 176 21.0% | 179 23.9% |
| Associate professor | 20 1.5% | 11 0.9% | 8 0.6% | 11 0.9% | 15 1.2% | 17 1.4% | 14 1.0% | 24 1.6% | 16 1.4% | 13 1.4% | 7 0.7% | 13 1.3% | 12 1.2% | 7 0.7% | 7 0.8% | 6 0.7% | 3 0.4% |
| Associate professor or professor | 49 3.6% | 45 3.6% | 50 4.0% | 48 4.1% | 56 4.5% | 50 4.0% | 49 3.4% | 43 2.8% | 34 3.0% | 26 2.8% | 32 3.2% | 21 2.0% | 28 2.7% | 20 2.1% | 23 2.6% | 33 3.9% | 21 2.8% |
| Professor | 33 2.4% | 31 2.5% | 27 2.1% | 26 2.2% | 29 2.3% | 34 2.7% | 29 2.0% | 43 2.8% | 26 2.3% | 26 2.8% | 28 2.8% | 40 3.9% | 32 3.1% | 26 2.8% | 31 3.5% | 27 3.2% | 28 3.7% |
| Other combinations not including assistant professor | 0 0.0% | 0 0.0% | 0 0.0% | 1 0.1% | 0 0.0% | 0 0.0% | 1 0.1% | 2 0.1% | 2 0.2% | 3 0.3% | 0 0.0% | 0 0.0% | 2 0.2% | 3 0.3% | 1 0.1% | 0 0.0% | 1 0.1% |
| Postdoctoral fellowship | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 51 5.4% | 52 5.9% | 55 6.6% | 46 6.1% |
| Rank not specified or not relevant | 68 4.9% | 56 4.5% | 61 4.9% | 54 4.6% | 51 4.1% | 43 3.5% | 59 4.1% | 80 5.3% | 67 5.9% | 57 6.2% | 72 7.3% | 57 5.6% | 59 5.8% | 43 4.6% | 33 3.7% | 25 3.0% | 24 3.2% |
| Total | 1,379 100.0% | 1,253 100.0% | 1,256 100.0% | 1,176 100.0% | 1,248 100.0% | 1,237 100.0% | 1,436 100.0% | 1,522 100.0% | 1,134 100.0% | 913 100.0% | 985 100.0% | 1,027 100.0% | 1,025 100.0% | 945 100.0% | 881 100.0% | 837 100.0% | 750 100.0% |

Table 3A. Tenure Status of All Ads in the 2016–17 English *JIL*, by Geographic Region

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|---|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 50 states and DC | | | | |
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 51 | 35 | 1 | 87 |
| Row percentage | 58.6% | 40.2% | 1.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.1% | 14.2% | 5.6% | 12.0% |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 77 | 67 | 9 | 153 |
| Row percentage | 50.3% | 43.8% | 5.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 16.7% | 27.1% | 50.0% | 21.1% |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 53 | 26 | 2 | 81 |
| Row percentage | 65.4% | 32.1% | 2.5% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.5% | 10.5% | 11.1% | 11.2% |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 115 | 44 | 0 | 159 |
| Row percentage | 72.3% | 27.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 25.0% | 17.8% | 0.0% | 21.9% |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 20 | 6 | 0 | 26 |
| Row percentage | 76.9% | 23.1% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.3% | 2.4% | 0.0% | 3.6% |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 18 | 4 | 0 | 22 |
| Row percentage | 81.8% | 18.2% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.9% | 1.6% | 0.0% | 3.0% |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 25 | 17 | 0 | 42 |
| Row percentage | 59.5% | 40.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.4% | 6.9% | 0.0% | 5.8% |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 76 | 32 | 6 | 114 |
| Row percentage | 66.7% | 28.1% | 5.3% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 16.5% | 13.0% | 33.3% | 15.7% |
| Totals for 50 states and DC | | | | |
| Number of ads | 435 | 231 | 18 | 684 |
| Row percentage | 63.6% | 33.8% | 2.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 94.6% | 93.5% | 100.0% | 94.3% |
| Canada | | | | |
| Number of ads | 12 | 1 | 0 | 13 |
| Row percentage | 92.3% | 7.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.6% | 0.4% | 0.0% | 1.8% |
| Other countries | | | | |
| Number of ads | 13 | 15 | 0 | 28 |
| Row percentage | 46.4% | 53.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.8% | 6.1% | 0.0% | 3.9% |
| Totals | | | | |
| Number of ads | 460 | 247 | 18 | 725 |
| Row percentage | 63.4% | 34.1% | 2.5% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Table 3B. Tenure Status of Ads Tagged for Assistant Professor or for Assistant Professor and Some Other Rank in the 2016–17 English *JIL*, by Geographic Region

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|---|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 50 states and DC | | | | |
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 38 | 11 | 0 | 49 |
| Row percentage | 77.6% | 22.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 9.7% | 12.1% | 0.0% | 10.1% |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 67 | 28 | 1 | 96 |
| Row percentage | 69.8% | 29.2% | 1.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 17.1% | 30.8% | 50.0% | 19.8% |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 44 | 15 | 0 | 59 |
| Row percentage | 74.6% | 25.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.2% | 16.5% | 0.0% | 12.2% |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 103 | 16 | 0 | 119 |
| Row percentage | 86.6% | 13.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 26.3% | 17.6% | 0.0% | 24.5% |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 18 | 2 | 0 | 20 |
| Row percentage | 90.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.6% | 2.2% | 0.0% | 4.1% |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 17 | 3 | 0 | 20 |
| Row percentage | 85.0% | 15.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.3% | 3.3% | 0.0% | 4.1% |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 22 | 3 | 0 | 25 |
| Row percentage | 88.0% | 12.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.6% | 3.3% | 0.0% | 5.2% |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 62 | 6 | 1 | 69 |
| Row percentage | 89.9% | 8.7% | 1.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 15.8% | 6.6% | 50.0% | 14.2% |
| Totals for 50 states and DC | | | | |
| Number of ads | 371 | 84 | 2 | 457 |
| Row percentage | 81.2% | 18.4% | 0.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 94.6% | 92.3% | 100.0% | 94.2% |
| Canada | | | | |
| Number of ads | 10 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Row percentage | 100.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.6% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 2.1% |
| Other countries | | | | |
| Number of ads | 11 | 7 | 0 | 18 |
| Row percentage | 61.1% | 38.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.8% | 7.7% | 0.0% | 3.7% |
| Totals | | | | |
| Number of ads | 392 | 91 | 2 | 485 |
| Row percentage | 80.8% | 18.8% | 0.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Table 4A. Tenure Status of All Ads in the 2016–17 Foreign Language *JIL*, by Geographic Region

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|---|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 50 states and DC | | | | |
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 40 | 50 | 1 | 91 |
| Row percentage | 44.0% | 54.9% | 1.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.5% | 12.9% | 6.7% | 12.1% |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 64 | 107 | 5 | 176 |
| Row percentage | 36.4% | 60.8% | 2.8% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 18.4% | 27.6% | 33.3% | 23.5% |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 45 | 63 | 1 | 109 |
| Row percentage | 41.3% | 57.8% | 0.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.0% | 16.2% | 6.7% | 14.5% |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 76 | 62 | 0 | 138 |
| Row percentage | 55.1% | 44.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 21.9% | 16.0% | 0.0% | 18.4% |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 13 | 19 | 0 | 32 |
| Row percentage | 40.6% | 59.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.7% | 4.9% | 0.0% | 4.3% |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 11 | 10 | 0 | 21 |
| Row percentage | 52.4% | 47.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.2% | 2.6% | 0.0% | 2.8% |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 34 | 25 | 0 | 59 |
| Row percentage | 57.6% | 42.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 9.8% | 6.4% | 0.0% | 7.9% |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 48 | 28 | 7 | 83 |
| Row percentage | 57.8% | 33.7% | 8.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.8% | 7.2% | 46.7% | 11.1% |
| Totals for 50 states and DC | | | | |
| Number of ads | 331 | 364 | 14 | 709 |
| Row percentage | 46.7% | 51.3% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 95.4% | 93.8% | 93.3% | 94.5% |
| Canada | | | | |
| Number of ads | 7 | 5 | 0 | 12 |
| Row percentage | 58.3% | 41.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.0% | 1.3% | 0.0% | 1.6% |
| Other countries | | | | |
| Number of ads | 9 | 19 | 1 | 29 |
| Row percentage | 31.0% | 65.5% | 3.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.6% | 4.9% | 6.7% | 3.9% |
| Totals | | | | |
| Number of ads | 347 | 388 | 15 | 750 |
| Row percentage | 46.3% | 51.7% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Table 4B. Tenure Status of Ads Tagged for Assistant Professor or for Assistant Professor and Some Other Rank in the 2016–17 Foreign Language *JIL*, by Geographic Region

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|---|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| 50 states and DC | | | | |
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 32 | 17 | 1 | 50 |
| Row percentage | 64.0% | 34.0% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 10.8% | 11.5% | 25.0% | 11.2% |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 57 | 41 | 0 | 98 |
| Row percentage | 58.2% | 41.8% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 19.3% | 27.7% | 0.0% | 21.9% |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 42 | 34 | 0 | 76 |
| Row percentage | 55.3% | 44.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 14.2% | 23.0% | 0.0% | 17.0% |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 67 | 28 | 0 | 95 |
| Row percentage | 70.5% | 29.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 22.6% | 18.9% | 0.0% | 21.2% |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 11 | 5 | 0 | 16 |
| Row percentage | 68.8% | 31.3% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.7% | 3.4% | 0.0% | 3.6% |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 9 | 3 | 0 | 12 |
| Row percentage | 75.0% | 25.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.0% | 2.0% | 0.0% | 2.7% |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 28 | 5 | 0 | 33 |
| Row percentage | 84.8% | 15.2% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 9.5% | 3.4% | 0.0% | 7.4% |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 41 | 6 | 3 | 50 |
| Row percentage | 82.0% | 12.0% | 6.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.9% | 4.1% | 75.0% | 11.2% |
| Totals for 50 states and DC | | | | |
| Number of ads | 287 | 139 | 4 | 430 |
| Row percentage | 66.7% | 32.3% | 0.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 97.0% | 93.9% | 100.0% | 96.0% |
| Canada | | | | |
| Number of ads | 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |
| Row percentage | 75.0% | 25.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 1.0% | 0.7% | 0.0% | 0.9% |
| Other countries | | | | |
| Number of ads | 6 | 8 | 0 | 14 |
| Row percentage | 42.9% | 57.1% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.0% | 5.4% | 0.0% | 3.1% |
| Totals | | | | |
| Number of ads | 296 | 148 | 4 | 448 |
| Row percentage | 66.1% | 33.0% | 0.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% | 100.0% |

Table 5. Number and Percentage of Ads in the English *JIL*, 2000–01 to 2016–17, by Geographic Region

| | 2000–01 | 2001–02 | 2002–03 | 2003–04 | 2004–05 | 2005–06 | 2006–07 | 2007–08 | 2008–09 | 2009–10 | 2010–11 | 2011–12 | 2012–13 | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | 144 8.9% | 107 7.0% | 117 8.1% | 131 9.6% | 127 8.5% | 118 8.0% | 129 8.2% | 125 7.6% | 112 9.1% | 95 9.8% | 99 9.5% | 86 7.9% | 100 9.9% | 82 8.8% | 84 9.5% | 73 8.9% | 87 12.0% |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | 323 19.9% | 301 19.6% | 304 21.2% | 264 19.4% | 324 21.6% | 318 21.5% | 302 19.2% | 340 20.6% | 247 20.1% | 197 20.4% | 200 19.2% | 219 20.1% | 219 21.6% | 200 21.6% | 203 23.0% | 168 20.4% | 153 21.1% |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | 276 17.0% | 283 18.4% | 251 17.5% | 234 17.2% | 270 18.0% | 228 15.4% | 247 15.7% | 243 14.7% | 180 14.6% | 177 18.3% | 160 15.3% | 179 16.5% | 162 16.0% | 153 16.5% | 122 13.8% | 98 11.9% | 81 11.2% |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | 305 18.8% | 312 20.3% | 262 18.2% | 267 19.6% | 293 19.6% | 326 22.0% | 365 23.2% | 379 23.0% | 235 19.1% | 203 21.0% | 211 20.2% | 227 20.9% | 202 19.9% | 185 19.9% | 162 18.3% | 194 23.6% | 159 21.9% |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | 113 7.0% | 83 5.4% | 89 6.2% | 91 6.7% | 101 6.7% | 81 5.5% | 98 6.2% | 115 7.0% | 78 6.3% | 58 6.0% | 64 6.1% | 66 6.1% | 67 6.6% | 54 5.8% | 55 6.2% | 54 6.6% | 26 3.6% |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | 55 3.4% | 58 3.8% | 42 2.9% | 34 2.5% | 38 2.5% | 51 3.4% | 45 2.9% | 43 2.6% | 33 2.7% | 19 2.0% | 28 2.7% | 26 2.4% | 29 2.9% | 24 2.6% | 27 3.1% | 28 3.4% | 22 3.0% |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | 124 7.6% | 119 7.7% | 94 6.5% | 91 6.7% | 107 7.1% | 94 6.3% | 102 6.5% | 119 7.2% | 114 9.3% | 66 6.8% | 71 6.8% | 71 6.5% | 71 7.0% | 65 7.0% | 69 7.8% | 55 6.7% | 42 5.8% |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | 209 12.9% | 204 13.3% | 189 13.2% | 171 12.6% | 165 11.0% | 177 11.9% | 196 12.5% | 192 11.7% | 148 12.0% | 83 8.6% | 131 12.5% | 130 11.9% | 95 9.4% | 108 11.6% | 117 13.2% | 115 14.0% | 114 15.7% |
| Outlying areas (AS, FM, GU, MH, MP, PR, PW, VI) | 8 0.5% | 5 0.3% | 6 0.4% | 3 0.2% | 2 0.1% | 4 0.3% | 1 0.1% | 4 0.2% | 2 0.2% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 2 0.2% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Canada | 33 2.0% | 37 2.4% | 49 3.4% | 50 3.7% | 46 3.1% | 45 3.0% | 47 3.0% | 40 2.4% | 30 2.4% | 15 1.6% | 23 2.2% | 26 2.4% | 23 2.3% | 23 2.5% | 16 1.8% | 17 2.1% | 13 1.8% |
| Outside the United States and Canada | 31 1.9% | 28 1.8% | 33 2.3% | 26 1.9% | 24 1.6% | 40 2.7% | 41 2.6% | 48 2.9% | 51 4.1% | 52 5.4% | 57 5.5% | 58 5.3% | 46 4.5% | 32 3.4% | 29 3.3% | 21 2.6% | 28 3.9% |
| Total | 1,621 100.0% | 1,537 100.0% | 1,436 100.0% | 1,362 100.0% | 1,497 100.0% | 1,482 100.0% | 1,573 100.0% | 1,648 100.0% | 1,230 100.0% | 965 100.0% | 1,044 100.0% | 1,088 100.0% | 1,014 100.0% | 928 100.0% | 884 100.0% | 823 100.0% | 725 100.0% |

Table 6. Number and Percentage of Ads in the Foreign Language *JIL*, 2000–01 to 2016–17, by Geographic Region

| | 2000–01 | 2001–02 | 2002–03 | 2003–04 | 2004–05 | 2005–06 | 2006–07 | 2007–08 | 2008–09 | 2009–10 | 2010–11 | 2011–12 | 2012–13 | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | 133 9.6% | 105 8.4% | 132 10.5% | 102 8.7% | 116 9.3% | 102 8.2% | 146 10.2% | 154 10.1% | 118 10.4% | 95 10.4% | 106 10.7% | 130 12.7% | 117 11.4% | 89 9.4% | 114 12.9% | 95 11.4% | 91 12.1% |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | 311 22.6% | 294 23.5% | 269 21.4% | 228 19.4% | 244 19.6% | 229 18.5% | 316 22.0% | 320 21.0% | 238 21.0% | 219 23.9% | 221 22.4% | 213 20.7% | 233 22.7% | 216 22.9% | 197 22.4% | 188 22.5% | 176 23.5% |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | 234 17.0% | 188 15.0% | 195 15.5% | 209 17.8% | 196 15.7% | 220 17.8% | 214 14.9% | 219 14.4% | 190 16.7% | 153 16.7% | 164 16.6% | 166 16.2% | 162 15.8% | 152 16.1% | 124 14.1% | 84 10.0% | 109 14.5% |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | 244 17.7% | 230 18.4% | 241 19.2% | 233 19.8% | 257 20.6% | 257 20.8% | 296 20.6% | 303 19.9% | 212 18.7% | 175 19.1% | 212 21.5% | 187 18.2% | 204 19.9% | 187 19.8% | 173 19.6% | 154 18.4% | 138 18.4% |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | 111 8.0% | 95 7.6% | 73 5.8% | 83 7.1% | 98 7.9% | 104 8.4% | 117 8.1% | 116 7.6% | 83 7.3% | 56 6.1% | 60 6.1% | 57 5.6% | 68 6.6% | 52 5.5% | 52 5.9% | 60 7.2% | 32 4.3% |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | 43 3.1% | 35 2.8% | 39 3.1% | 28 2.4% | 47 3.8% | 54 4.4% | 42 2.9% | 40 2.6% | 44 3.9% | 22 2.4% | 31 3.1% | 27 2.6% | 31 3.0% | 25 2.6% | 21 2.4% | 39 4.7% | 21 2.8% |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | 85 6.2% | 76 6.1% | 69 5.5% | 77 6.5% | 86 6.9% | 61 4.9% | 84 5.8% | 105 6.9% | 77 6.8% | 65 7.1% | 48 4.9% | 60 5.8% | 64 6.2% | 67 7.1% | 53 6.0% | 70 8.4% | 59 7.9% |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | 156 11.3% | 173 13.8% | 157 12.5% | 159 13.5% | 159 12.7% | 145 11.7% | 158 11.0% | 181 11.9% | 106 9.3% | 71 7.8% | 93 9.4% | 115 11.2% | 91 8.9% | 96 10.2% | 104 11.8% | 101 12.1% | 83 11.1% |
| Outlying areas (AS, FM, GU, MH, MP, PR, PW, VI) | 13 0.9% | 8 0.6% | 7 0.6% | 8 0.7% | 6 0.5% | 3 0.2% | 5 0.3% | 4 0.3% | 5 0.4% | | | | | 2 0.0% | | | |
| Canada | 36 2.6% | 33 2.6% | 46 3.7% | 37 3.1% | 24 1.9% | 43 3.5% | 47 3.3% | 42 2.8% | 26 2.3% | 26 2.8% | 15 1.5% | 28 2.7% | 22 2.1% | 17 1.8% | 13 1.5% | 16 1.9% | 12 1.6% |
| Outside the United States and Canada | 13 0.9% | 16 1.3% | 28 2.2% | 12 1.0% | 15 1.2% | 19 1.5% | 11 0.8% | 38 2.5% | 36 3.2% | 34 3.7% | 37 3.7% | 44 4.3% | 34 3.3% | 42 4.4% | 30 3.4% | 30 3.6% | 29 3.9% |
| Total | 1,379 100.0% | 1,253 100.0% | 1,256 100.0% | 1,176 100.0% | 1,248 100.0% | 1,237 100.0% | 1,436 100.0% | 1,522 100.0% | 1,135 100.0% | 916 100.0% | 987 100.0% | 1,027 100.0% | 1,026 100.0% | 945 100.0% | 881 100.0% | 837 100.0% | 750 100.0% |

Table 7A. Tenure Status of All Ads in the 2016–17 Foreign Language *JIL*, by Language

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Arabic | | | | |
| Number of ads | 17 | 17 | 0 | 34 |
| Row percentage | 50.0% | 50.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.9% | 4.4% | 0.0% | 4.5% |
| Chinese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 21 | 28 | 0 | 49 |
| Row percentage | 42.9% | 57.1% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 6.1% | 7.2% | 0.0% | 6.5% |
| Classical | | | | |
| Number of ads | 9 | 4 | 0 | 13 |
| Row percentage | 69.2% | 30.8% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.6% | 1.0% | 0.0% | 1.7% |
| French and francophone | | | | |
| Number of ads | 65 | 60 | 2 | 127 |
| Row percentage | 51.2% | 47.2% | 1.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 18.7% | 15.5% | 13.3% | 16.9% |
| Germanic and Scandinavian | | | | |
| Number of ads | 39 | 56 | 1 | 96 |
| Row percentage | 40.6% | 58.3% | 1.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.2% | 14.4% | 6.7% | 12.8% |
| Hebrew | | | | |
| Number of ads | 10 | 8 | 0 | 18 |
| Row percentage | 55.6% | 44.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.9% | 2.1% | 0.0% | 2.4% |
| Italian | | | | |
| Number of ads | 18 | 20 | 1 | 39 |
| Row percentage | 46.2% | 51.3% | 2.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.2% | 5.2% | 6.7% | 5.2% |
| Japanese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 17 | 21 | 0 | 38 |
| Row percentage | 44.7% | 55.3% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.9% | 5.4% | 0.0% | 5.1% |
| Korean | | | | |
| Number of ads | 4 | 5 | 1 | 10 |
| Row percentage | 40.0% | 50.0% | 10.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 1.2% | 1.3% | 6.7% | 1.3% |
| Portuguese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 11 | 11 | 0 | 22 |
| Row percentage | 50.0% | 50.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.2% | 2.8% | 0.0% | 2.9% |
| Russian and Slavic | | | | |
| Number of ads | 20 | 18 | 2 | 40 |
| Row percentage | 50.0% | 45.0% | 5.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.8% | 4.6% | 13.3% | 5.3% |
| Spanish and Latin America | | | | |
| Number of ads | 141 | 112 | 3 | 256 |
| Row percentage | 55.1% | 43.8% | 1.2% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 40.6% | 28.9% | 20.0% | 34.1% |
| Other languages | | | | |
| Number of ads | 5 | 12 | 0 | 17 |
| Row percentage | 29.4% | 70.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 1.4% | 3.1% | 0.0% | 2.3% |
| No language specified | | | | |
| Number of ads | 51 | 65 | 6 | 122 |
| Row percentage | 41.8% | 53.3% | 4.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 14.7% | 16.8% | 40.0% | 16.3% |
| Total number of ads | 347 | 388 | 15 | 750 |
| Total row percentage | 46.3% | 51.7% | 2.0% | 100.0% |

Table 7B. Tenure Status of All Ads Tagged for Assistant Professor or for Assistant Professor and Some Other Rank in the 2016–17 Foreign Language *JIL*, by Language

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Arabic | | | | |
| Number of ads | 14 | 7 | 0 | 21 |
| Row percentage | 66.7% | 33.3% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.7% | 4.7% | 0.0% | 4.7% |
| Chinese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 19 | 10 | 0 | 29 |
| Row percentage | 65.5% | 34.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 6.4% | 6.8% | 0.0% | 6.5% |
| Classical | | | | |
| Number of ads | 7 | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| Row percentage | 87.5% | 12.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.4% | 0.7% | 0.0% | 1.8% |
| French and francophone | | | | |
| Number of ads | 57 | 24 | 0 | 81 |
| Row percentage | 70.4% | 29.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 19.3% | 16.2% | 0.0% | 18.1% |
| Germanic and Scandinavian | | | | |
| Number of ads | 34 | 27 | 0 | 61 |
| Row percentage | 55.7% | 44.3% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.5% | 18.2% | 0.0% | 13.6% |
| Hebrew | | | | |
| Number of ads | 7 | 1 | 0 | 8 |
| Row percentage | 87.5% | 12.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.4% | 0.7% | 0.0% | 1.8% |
| Italian | | | | |
| Number of ads | 13 | 8 | 0 | 21 |
| Row percentage | 61.9% | 38.1% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.4% | 5.4% | 0.0% | 4.7% |
| Japanese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 16 | 8 | 0 | 24 |
| Row percentage | 66.7% | 33.3% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.4% | 5.4% | 0.0% | 5.4% |
| Korean | | | | |
| Number of ads | 3 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Row percentage | 60.0% | 20.0% | 20.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 1.0% | 0.7% | 25.0% | 1.1% |
| Portuguese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 8 | 3 | 0 | 11 |
| Row percentage | 72.7% | 27.3% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 2.7% | 2.0% | 0.0% | 2.5% |
| Russian and Slavic | | | | |
| Number of ads | 17 | 6 | 1 | 24 |
| Row percentage | 70.8% | 25.0% | 4.2% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.7% | 4.1% | 25.0% | 5.4% |
| Spanish and Latin America | | | | |
| Number of ads | 119 | 49 | 1 | 169 |
| Row percentage | 70.4% | 29.0% | 0.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 40.2% | 33.1% | 25.0% | 37.7% |
| Other languages | | | | |
| Number of ads | 4 | 4 | 0 | 8 |
| Row percentage | 50.0% | 50.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 1.4% | 2.7% | 0.0% | 1.8% |
| No language specified | | | | |
| Number of ads | 38 | 12 | 1 | 51 |
| Row percentage | 74.5% | 23.5% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 12.8% | 8.1% | 25.0% | 11.4% |
| Total number of ads | 296 | 148 | 4 | 448 |
| Total row percentage | 66.1% | 33.0% | 0.9% | 100.0% |

Table 8A. Tenure Status of All Ads in the 2016–17 English *JIL*, by English Field Category

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|--|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Writing | | | | |
| Composition and rhetoric | | | | |
| Number of ads | 115 | 97 | 5 | 217 |
| Row percentage | 53.0% | 44.7% | 2.3% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 25.0% | 39.3% | 27.8% | 29.9% |
| Technical and business writing | | | | |
| Number of ads | 51 | 22 | 1 | 74 |
| Row percentage | 68.9% | 29.7% | 1.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.1% | 8.9% | 5.6% | 10.2% |
| Creative writing and journalism | | | | |
| Number of ads | 93 | 39 | 6 | 138 |
| Row percentage | 67.4% | 28.3% | 4.3% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 20.2% | 15.8% | 33.3% | 19.0% |
| Total for writing | | | | |
| Number of ads | 259 | 158 | 12 | 429 |
| Row percentage | 60.4% | 36.8% | 2.8% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 56.3% | 64.0% | 66.7% | 59.2% |
| Literature | | | | |
| British literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 119 | 66 | 2 | 187 |
| Row percentage | 63.6% | 35.3% | 1.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 25.9% | 26.7% | 11.1% | 25.8% |
| American literature (chiefly United States) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 103 | 66 | 3 | 172 |
| Row percentage | 59.9% | 38.4% | 1.7% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 22.4% | 26.7% | 16.7% | 23.7% |
| African American literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 63 | 21 | 2 | 86 |
| Row percentage | 73.3% | 24.4% | 2.3% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.7% | 8.5% | 11.1% | 11.9% |
| Literature in English other than British and American | | | | |
| Number of ads | 52 | 16 | 2 | 70 |
| Row percentage | 74.3% | 22.9% | 2.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.3% | 6.5% | 11.1% | 9.7% |
| Other minority literatures | | | | |
| Number of ads | 61 | 21 | 2 | 84 |
| Row percentage | 72.6% | 25.0% | 2.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.3% | 8.5% | 11.1% | 11.6% |
| Total for literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 398 | 190 | 11 | 599 |
| Row percentage | 66.4% | 31.7% | 1.8% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 86.5% | 76.9% | 61.1% | 82.6% |
| English education | | | | |
| Number of ads | 25 | 9 | 4 | 38 |
| Row percentage | 65.8% | 23.7% | 10.5% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.4% | 3.6% | 22.2% | 5.2% |
| Total number of ads | 460 | 247 | 18 | 725 |
| Total row percentage | 63.4% | 34.1% | 2.5% | 100.0% |

Table 8B. Tenure Status of Ads Tagged for Assistant Professor or for Assistant Professor and Some Other Rank in the 2016–17 English *JIL*, by English Field Category

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|--|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Writing | | | | |
| Composition and rhetoric | | | | |
| Number of ads | 94 | 29 | 0 | 123 |
| Row percentage | 76.4% | 23.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 24.0% | 31.9% | 0.0% | 25.4% |
| Technical and business writing | | | | |
| Number of ads | 45 | 5 | 0 | 50 |
| Row percentage | 90.0% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.5% | 5.5% | 0.0% | 10.3% |
| Creative writing and journalism | | | | |
| Number of ads | 80 | 13 | 0 | 93 |
| Row percentage | 86.0% | 14.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 20.4% | 14.3% | 0.0% | 19.2% |
| Total for writing | | | | |
| Number of ads | 219 | 47 | 0 | 266 |
| Row percentage | 82.3% | 17.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 55.9% | 51.6% | 0.0% | 54.8% |
| Literature | | | | |
| British literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 108 | 26 | 2 | 136 |
| Row percentage | 79.4% | 19.1% | 1.5% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 27.6% | 28.6% | 100.0% | 28.0% |
| American literature (chiefly United States) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 88 | 20 | 2 | 110 |
| Row percentage | 80.0% | 18.2% | 1.8% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 22.4% | 22.0% | 100.0% | 22.7% |
| African American literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 52 | 8 | 1 | 61 |
| Row percentage | 85.2% | 13.1% | 1.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.3% | 8.8% | 50.0% | 12.6% |
| Literature in English other than British and American | | | | |
| Number of ads | 51 | 8 | 1 | 60 |
| Row percentage | 85.0% | 13.3% | 1.7% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 13.0% | 8.8% | 50.0% | 12.4% |
| Other minority literatures | | | | |
| Number of ads | 55 | 6 | 1 | 62 |
| Row percentage | 88.7% | 9.7% | 1.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 14.0% | 6.6% | 50.0% | 12.8% |
| Total for literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 354 | 68 | 7 | 429 |
| Row percentage | 82.5% | 15.9% | 1.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 90.3% | 74.7% | 350.0% | 88.5% |
| English education | | | | |
| Number of ads | 23 | 2 | 0 | 25 |
| Row percentage | 92.0% | 8.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.9% | 2.2% | 0.0% | 5.2% |
| Total number of ads | 392 | 91 | 2 | 485 |
| Total row percentage | 80.8% | 18.8% | 0.4% | 100.0% |

Table 9A. Tenure Status of All Ads in the 2016–17 *JIL*, by General Field Category

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|---|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Comparative literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 79 | 71 | 2 | 152 |
| Row percentage | 52.0% | 46.7% | 1.3% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 10.5% | 12.8% | 8.3% | 11.5% |
| Criticism and theory | | | | |
| Number of ads | 56 | 37 | 2 | 95 |
| Row percentage | 58.9% | 38.9% | 2.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 7.5% | 6.7% | 8.3% | 7.2% |
| Cultural studies | | | | |
| Number of ads | 128 | 88 | 4 | 220 |
| Row percentage | 58.2% | 40.0% | 1.8% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 17.1% | 15.9% | 16.7% | 16.6% |
| Film, drama, and speech | | | | |
| Number of ads | 48 | 24 | 1 | 73 |
| Row percentage | 65.8% | 32.9% | 1.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 6.4% | 4.3% | 4.2% | 5.5% |
| Generalist | | | | |
| Number of ads | 40 | 33 | 0 | 73 |
| Row percentage | 54.8% | 45.2% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.3% | 6.0% | 0.0% | 5.5% |
| Interdisciplinary | | | | |
| Number of ads | 88 | 77 | 5 | 170 |
| Row percentage | 51.8% | 45.3% | 2.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.7% | 13.9% | 20.8% | 12.8% |
| Linguistics and ESL | | | | |
| Number of ads | 59 | 47 | 2 | 108 |
| Row percentage | 54.6% | 43.5% | 1.9% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 7.9% | 8.5% | 8.3% | 8.1% |
| Postcolonial literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 30 | 12 | 0 | 42 |
| Row percentage | 71.4% | 28.6% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 4.0% | 2.2% | 0.0% | 3.2% |
| Technology and digital media | | | | |
| Number of ads | 61 | 30 | 2 | 93 |
| Row percentage | 65.6% | 32.3% | 2.2% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 8.1% | 5.4% | 8.3% | 7.0% |
| World literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 42 | 21 | 2 | 65 |
| Row percentage | 64.6% | 32.3% | 3.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.6% | 3.8% | 8.3% | 4.9% |
| Other academic specializations | | | | |
| Number of ads | 42 | 19 | 5 | 66 |
| Row percentage | 63.6% | 28.8% | 7.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.6% | 3.4% | 20.8% | 5.0% |
| Department chair or other administrator | | | | |
| Number of ads | 76 | 75 | 7 | 158 |
| Row percentage | 48.1% | 47.5% | 4.4% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 10.1% | 13.6% | 29.2% | 11.9% |
| Business, government, and nonprofit sector | | | | |
| Number of ads | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Row percentage | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.8% |
| Total number of ads | 750 | 553 | 24 | 1,327 |
| Total row percentage | 60.3% | 38.4% | 1.3% | 100.0% |

Table 9B. Tenure Status of Ads Tagged for Assistant Professor or for Assistant Professor and Some Other Rank in the 2016–17 *JIL*, by General Field Category

| | Tenure-Track | Non-Tenure-Track | Tenure Status Not Specified | Total |
|--|--------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------|
| Comparative literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 69 | 28 | 1 | 98 |
| Row percentage | 70.4% | 28.6% | 1.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 10.7% | 12.9% | 20.0% | 11.3% |
| Criticism and theory | | | | |
| Number of ads | 49 | 11 | 1 | 61 |
| Row percentage | 80.3% | 18.0% | 1.6% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 7.6% | 5.1% | 20.0% | 7.0% |
| Cultural studies | | | | |
| Number of ads | 107 | 33 | 3 | 143 |
| Row percentage | 74.8% | 23.1% | 2.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 16.6% | 15.2% | 60.0% | 16.5% |
| Film, drama, and speech | | | | |
| Number of ads | 44 | 12 | 0 | 56 |
| Row percentage | 78.6% | 21.4% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 6.8% | 5.5% | 0.0% | 6.5% |
| Generalist | | | | |
| Number of ads | 37 | 14 | 0 | 51 |
| Row percentage | 72.5% | 27.5% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.7% | 6.5% | 0.0% | 5.9% |
| Interdisciplinary | | | | |
| Number of ads | 73 | 20 | 2 | 95 |
| Row percentage | 76.8% | 21.1% | 2.1% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 11.3% | 9.2% | 40.0% | 11.0% |
| Linguistics and ESL | | | | |
| Number of ads | 53 | 10 | 0 | 63 |
| Row percentage | 84.1% | 15.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 8.2% | 4.6% | 0.0% | 7.3% |
| Postcolonial literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 25 | 7 | 0 | 32 |
| Row percentage | 78.1% | 21.9% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 3.9% | 3.2% | 0.0% | 3.7% |
| Technology and digital media | | | | |
| Number of ads | 53 | 8 | 0 | 61 |
| Row percentage | 86.9% | 13.1% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 8.2% | 3.7% | 0.0% | 7.0% |
| World literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 38 | 12 | 1 | 51 |
| Row percentage | 74.5% | 23.5% | 2.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 5.9% | 5.5% | 20.0% | 5.9% |
| Department chair or other administrator | | | | |
| Number of ads | 10 | 2 | 0 | 12 |
| Row percentage | 83.3% | 16.7% | 0.0% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 1.6% | 0.9% | 0.0% | 1.4% |
| Other academic specializations | | | | |
| Number of ads | 65 | 20 | 1 | 86 |
| Row percentage | 75.6% | 23.3% | 1.2% | 100.0% |
| Column percentage | 10.1% | 9.2% | 20.0% | 9.9% |
| Total number of ads | 644 | 217 | 5 | 866 |
| Total row percentage | 77.2% | 21.6% | 1.2% | 100.0% |

Table 10. Number and Percentage of *JIL* Ads Tagged with Language Field Category Terms, 2013–14 to 2016–17

| | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Arabic | | | | |
| Number of ads | 46 | 52 | 28 | 34 |
| Column percentage | 4.9% | 5.9% | 3.3% | 4.5% |
| Chinese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 73 | 62 | 60 | 49 |
| Column percentage | 7.7% | 7.0% | 7.2% | 6.5% |
| Classical | | | | |
| Number of ads | 15 | 6 | 12 | 13 |
| Column percentage | 1.6% | 0.7% | 1.4% | 1.7% |
| French and francophone | | | | |
| Number of ads | 204 | 202 | 149 | 127 |
| Column percentage | 21.6% | 22.9% | 17.8% | 16.9% |
| Germanic and Scandinavian | | | | |
| Number of ads | 137 | 147 | 105 | 96 |
| Column percentage | 14.5% | 16.7% | 12.5% | 12.8% |
| Hebrew | | | | |
| Number of ads | 14 | 19 | 20 | 18 |
| Column percentage | 1.5% | 2.2% | 2.4% | 2.4% |
| Italian | | | | |
| Number of ads | 55 | 48 | 48 | 39 |
| Column percentage | 5.8% | 5.4% | 5.7% | 5.2% |
| Japanese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 39 | 44 | 38 | 38 |
| Column percentage | 4.1% | 5.0% | 4.5% | 5.1% |
| Korean | | | | |
| Number of ads | 9 | 10 | 11 | 10 |
| Column percentage | 1.0% | 1.1% | 1.3% | 1.3% |
| Portuguese | | | | |
| Number of ads | 32 | 37 | 30 | 22 |
| Column percentage | 3.4% | 4.2% | 3.6% | 2.9% |
| Russian and Slavic | | | | |
| Number of ads | 38 | 39 | 31 | 40 |
| Column percentage | 4.0% | 4.4% | 3.7% | 5.3% |
| Spanish and Latin American | | | | |
| Number of ads | 354 | 328 | 280 | 256 |
| Column percentage | 37.5% | 37.2% | 33.5% | 34.1% |
| Other languages | | | | |
| Number of ads | 23 | 21 | 21 | 17 |
| Column percentage | 2.4% | 2.4% | 2.5% | 2.3% |
| No language specified | | | | |
| Number of ads | 112 | 131 | 151 | 122 |
| Column percentage | 11.9% | 14.9% | 18.0% | 16.3% |
| Total number of ads (basis for percentages) | 945 | 881 | 837 | 750 |

Table 11. Number and Percentage of *JIL* Ads Tagged with English Field Category Terms, 2013–14 to 2016–17

| | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Writing | | | | |
| Composition and rhetoric | | | | |
| Number of ads | 295 | 297 | 249 | 217 |
| Column percentage | 31.8% | 33.6% | 30.3% | 29.9% |
| Technical and business writing | | | | |
| Number of ads | 85 | 89 | 90 | 74 |
| Column percentage | 9.2% | 10.1% | 10.9% | 10.2% |
| Creative writing and journalism | | | | |
| Number of ads | 139 | 160 | 144 | 138 |
| Column percentage | 15.0% | 18.1% | 17.5% | 19.0% |
| Total for writing | | | | |
| Number of ads | 519 | 546 | 483 | 429 |
| Column percentage | 55.9% | 61.8% | 58.7% | 59.2% |
| Literature | | | | |
| British literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 233 | 228 | 197 | 187 |
| Column percentage | 25.1% | 25.8% | 23.9% | 25.8% |
| American literature (chiefly United States) | | | | |
| Number of ads | 181 | 193 | 184 | 172 |
| Column percentage | 19.5% | 21.8% | 22.4% | 23.7% |
| African American literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 60 | 49 | 67 | 86 |
| Column percentage | 6.5% | 5.5% | 8.1% | 11.9% |
| Literature in English other than British and American | | | | |
| Number of ads | 60 | 61 | 56 | 70 |
| Column percentage | 6.5% | 6.9% | 6.8% | 9.7% |
| Other minority literatures | | | | |
| Number of ads | 56 | 58 | 65 | 84 |
| Column percentage | 6.0% | 6.6% | 7.9% | 11.6% |
| Total for literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 590 | 589 | 569 | 599 |
| Column percentage | 63.6% | 66.6% | 69.1% | 82.6% |
| English education | | | | |
| Number of ads | 51 | 56 | 49 | 38 |
| Column percentage | 5.5% | 6.3% | 6.0% | 5.2% |
| Total number of ads (basis for percentages) | | | | |
| | 928 | 884 | 823 | 725 |

Table 12. Number and Percentage of *JIL* Ads Tagged with General Field Category Terms, 2013–14 to 2016–17

| | 2013–14 | 2014–15 | 2015–16 | 2016–17 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Comparative literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 163 | 188 | 179 | 152 |
| Column percentage | 9.8% | 11.9% | 12.2% | 11.5% |
| Criticism and theory | | | | |
| Number of ads | 103 | 109 | 106 | 95 |
| Column percentage | 6.2% | 6.9% | 7.2% | 7.2% |
| Cultural studies | | | | |
| Number of ads | 222 | 244 | 238 | 220 |
| Column percentage | 13.3% | 15.5% | 16.2% | 16.6% |
| Film, drama, and speech | | | | |
| Number of ads | 94 | 79 | 75 | 73 |
| Column percentage | 5.6% | 5.0% | 5.1% | 5.5% |
| Generalist | | | | |
| Number of ads | 149 | 134 | 111 | 73 |
| Column percentage | 8.9% | 8.5% | 7.6% | 5.5% |
| Interdisciplinary | | | | |
| Number of ads | 183 | 177 | 151 | 170 |
| Column percentage | 11.0% | 11.2% | 10.3% | 12.8% |
| Linguistics and ESL | | | | |
| Number of ads | 152 | 133 | 130 | 108 |
| Column percentage | 9.1% | 8.4% | 8.8% | 8.1% |
| Postcolonial literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 49 | 51 | 39 | 42 |
| Column percentage | 2.9% | 3.2% | 2.7% | 3.2% |
| Technology and digital media | | | | |
| Number of ads | 143 | 135 | 110 | 93 |
| Column percentage | 8.6% | 8.6% | 7.5% | 7.0% |
| World literature | | | | |
| Number of ads | 71 | 88 | 61 | 65 |
| Column percentage | 4.2% | 5.6% | 4.1% | 4.9% |
| Department chair or other administrator | | | | |
| Number of ads | 80 | 65 | 77 | 66 |
| Column percentage | 4.8% | 4.1% | 5.2% | 5.0% |
| Other academic specializations | | | | |
| Number of ads | 188 | 196 | 183 | 158 |
| Column percentage | 11.3% | 12.4% | 12.4% | 11.9% |
| Business, government, and nonprofit sector | | | | |
| Number of ads | 9 | 14 | 18 | 11 |
| Column percentage | 0.5% | 0.9% | 1.2% | 0.8% |
| Total number of ads (basis for percentages) | 1,671 | 1,575 | 1,470 | 1,327 |

Table 13. Percentage of Ads in the 2016–17 Foreign Language *JIL* Tagged for Language Fields, by Geographic Region

| | Spanish and Latin America | Portuguese | French and Francophone | Italian | Germanic and Scandinavian | Russian and Slavic | Arabic | Classical | Hebrew | Chinese | Japanese | Korean | Other Languages | No Language Specified | All Ads |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|---------|------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-----------|--------|---------|----------|--------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | 10.1 | 27.3 | 7.9 | 12.8 | 16.7 | 20.0 | 11.8 | 0.0 | 16.7 | 14.3 | 13.2 | 20.0 | 11.8 | 15.2 | 12.1 |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | 19.1 | 13.6 | 22.0 | 30.8 | 17.7 | 22.5 | 23.5 | 30.8 | 27.8 | 14.3 | 13.2 | 30.0 | 35.3 | 30.4 | 23.5 |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | 14.8 | 9.1 | 18.1 | 15.4 | 16.7 | 10.0 | 14.7 | 7.7 | 27.8 | 16.3 | 15.8 | 0.0 | 17.6 | 12.8 | 14.5 |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | 23.3 | 18.2 | 18.1 | 17.9 | 19.8 | 10.0 | 20.6 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 18.4 | 28.9 | 10.0 | 11.8 | 8.8 | 18.4 |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | 6.6 | 0.0 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 0.0 | 11.1 | 4.1 | 2.6 | 0.0 | 5.9 | 1.6 | 4.3 |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | 2.7 | 0.0 | 3.9 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 5.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 7.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.8 | 2.8 |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | 9.7 | 4.5 | 11.0 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 15.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 5.3 | 20.0 | 0.0 | 7.2 | 7.9 |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | 11.3 | 18.2 | 8.7 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 22.5 | 5.9 | 46.2 | 5.6 | 10.2 | 13.2 | 20.0 | 17.6 | 16.8 | 11.1 |
| Canada | 0.4 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 5.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Outside the United States and Canada | 1.9 | 9.1 | 3.1 | 0.0 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 8.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 20.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 4.8 | 3.9 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number of ads (basis for percentages) | 257 | 22 | 127 | 39 | 96 | 40 | 34 | 13 | 18 | 49 | 38 | 10 | 17 | 125 | 750 |

Table 14. Percentage of Ads in the 2016–17 *JIL* Tagged for English Fields, by Geographic Region

| | Composition and Rhetoric | Technical and Business Writing | Creative Writing and Journalism | British Literature | American Literature (Chiefly US) | African American Literature | Literature in English Other Than British and American | Other Minority Literatures | English Education | All Ads |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------|---------|
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | 11.5 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 12.3 | 14.5 | 16.3 | 15.7 | 11.9 | 5.3 | 12.0 |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | 17.5 | 17.6 | 21.0 | 19.3 | 18.0 | 24.4 | 12.9 | 20.2 | 13.2 | 21.1 |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | 12.9 | 14.9 | 10.1 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 8.1 | 11.4 | 15.5 | 18.4 | 11.2 |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | 26.7 | 27.0 | 26.1 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 26.7 | 25.7 | 14.3 | 10.5 | 21.9 |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | 3.7 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 3.6 |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | 2.3 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 5.3 | 3.0 |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | 7.4 | 13.5 | 2.9 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 5.3 | 5.8 |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | 16.6 | 6.8 | 18.8 | 14.4 | 15.7 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 21.4 | 34.2 | 15.7 |
| Canada | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 0.0 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 1.8 |
| Outside the United States and Canada | 1.4 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 7.0 | 7.6 | 2.3 | 5.7 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.9 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number of ads (basis for percentages) | 217 | 74 | 138 | 187 | 172 | 86 | 70 | 84 | 38 | 725 |

Table 15. Percentage of Ads in the 2016–17 *JIL* Database Tagged for General Fields, by Geographic Region

| | Comparative Literature | Criticism and Theory | Cultural Studies | Film, Drama, and Speech | Generalist | Interdisciplinary | Linguistics and ESL | Postcolonial Literature | Technology and Digital Media | World Literature | Other Academic Specializations | Department Chair or Other Administrator | Business, Government, and Nonprofit Sector | All Ads |
|---|------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|---------|
| New England (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT) | 13.8 | 12.6 | 15.9 | 16.4 | 9.6 | 14.7 | 7.4 | 21.4 | 6.5 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 13.6 | 0.0 | 11.8 |
| Mid-East (DC, DE, MD, NJ, NY, PA) | 24.3 | 25.3 | 24.1 | 30.1 | 6.8 | 24.1 | 20.4 | 19.0 | 25.8 | 21.5 | 24.1 | 16.7 | 81.8 | 21.1 |
| Great Lakes (IL, IN, MI, OH, WI) | 15.8 | 12.6 | 15.5 | 8.2 | 19.2 | 10.6 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 12.9 | 12.3 | 12.0 | 4.5 | 0.0 | 13.0 |
| Southeast (AL, AR, FL, GA, KY, LA, MS, NC, SC, TN, VA, WV) | 12.5 | 12.6 | 16.4 | 12.3 | 32.9 | 13.5 | 25.0 | 16.7 | 19.4 | 20.0 | 12.0 | 15.2 | 0.0 | 21.6 |
| Plains (IA, KS, MN, MO, ND, NE, SD) | 1.3 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 7.6 | 0.0 | 4.1 |
| Rocky Mountain (CO, ID, MT, UT, WY) | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 6.1 | 0.0 | 3.2 |
| Southwest (AZ, NM, OK, TX) | 2.6 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 6.8 | 4.1 | 7.1 | 8.3 | 2.4 | 9.7 | 1.5 | 8.2 | 13.6 | 9.1 | 6.9 |
| Far West (AK, CA, HI, NV, OR, WA) | 17.8 | 16.8 | 10.0 | 12.3 | 11.0 | 18.2 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 19.4 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 18.2 | 0.0 | 13.0 |
| Canada | 2.0 | 4.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 0.0 | 2.4 | 0.9 | 4.8 | 2.2 | 6.2 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 0.0 | 1.7 |
| Outside the United States and Canada | 8.6 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 2.9 | 6.5 | 4.8 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 7.6 | 3.0 | 9.1 | 3.5 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Number of ads (basis for percentages) | 152 | 95 | 220 | 73 | 73 | 170 | 108 | 42 | 93 | 65 | 158 | 66 | 11 | 1,326 |